

What is claimed is:

1. A carrier recovery device of a digital TV receiver comprising:
 - an A/D converter converting an analog signal to a digital signal by using a fixed frequency;
 - a phase splitter splitting the digital signal to a real signal and a quadrature signal;
 - a first complex multiplier outputting a real base band signal $i(t)$ and a quadrature base band signal $q(t)$ by performing a complex multiplying of the real and quadrature signals of the split passband and a first complex carrier outputted from a first NCO;
 - a second complex multiplier outputting Like Offset QAM signals $i'(t)$ and $q'(t)$ by performing a complex multiplying of the real and quadrature base band signals $i(t)$ and $q(t)$ and a second complex carrier outputted from a second NCO;
 - a phase error detector detecting a phase error to a particular multiple of a fixed frequency on basis of the Like Offset QAM signals $i'(t)$ and $q'(t)$; and
 - a Loop filter low-pass filtering the phase error, and outputting the filtered phase error to the first NCO.
2. The device as claimed in claim 1, wherein the first complex carrier is in proportional to the phase error outputted from the Loop filter.
3. The device as claimed in claim 1, wherein the second NCO generates a frequency of the same type as an Offset QAM signal without reception of a control signal from the external.

4. The device as claimed in claim 1, wherein the Like Offset QAM signal is an output signal of the second complex multiplier when the fixed frequency is twice a symbol clock frequency.

5. The device as claimed in claim 1, wherein a pilot frequency of the Like Offset QAM signal is located in a frequency band corresponding to 1/8 of the fixed frequency.

6. The device as claimed in claim 1, wherein the phase error detector includes:
first and second squarers receiving the Like Offset QAM signals $i'(t)$ and $q'(t)$, and performing a nonlinear operation;
a subtractor receiving output signals from the first and second squarers, and performing a subtraction operation;
a passband filter extracting components corresponding to a carrier frequency from the signals outputted from the subtractor; and
a Gardner phase error detector detecting the phase error between the filtered signal and a particular multiple of the fixed frequency.

7. The device as claimed in claim 6, wherein the first and second squarers respectively output a carrier signal component having a converted frequency corresponding to 1/4 of the fixed frequency, and a frequency of a signal in the periphery of the carrier.

8. The device as claimed in claim 1, wherein the phase error detector includes:
first and second absolute value calculators receiving the Like Offset QAM signals, $i'(t)$ and $q'(t)$, and calculating absolute values thereof;

a subtractor receiving outputs of the first and second absolute value calculators, and performing a subtract operation;

a passband filter receiving the signals from the subtractor, and extracting components corresponding to a carrier frequency therefrom; and

a Gardner phase error detector detecting a phase error between the filtered signal and a particular multiple of the fixed frequency.

9. The device as claimed in claim 8, wherein the first and second absolute value calculators convert the carrier signal component and components in all data blocks in the periphery of the carrier signal component to have the frequency corresponding to 1/4 of the fixed frequency.

10. A carrier recovery device comprising:

an A/D converter converting an analog passband signal to a digital passband signal by using a fixed frequency;

a phase splitter splitting the digital passband signal in a real signal and a quadrature signal;

a first complex multiplier outputting a real base band signal $i(t)$ and a quadrature base band signal $q(t)$ by performing a complex multiplying of the real and quadrature signals of the split passband and a first complex carrier outputted from a first NCO (Numerically Controlled Oscillator);

a second complex multiplier outputting Like Offset QAM signals $i'(t)$ and $q'(t)$ by performing a complex multiplying of the real and quadrature base band signals $i(t)$ and $q(t)$ and a second complex carrier outputted from a second NCO;

first and second squarers receiving the Like Offset QAM signals $i'(t)$ and $q'(t)$, and performing a nonlinear operation;

a subtractor receiving the signals outputted from the first and second squarers, and performing a subtract operation;

a passband filter extracting components corresponding to a carrier frequency from the signals outputted from the subtractor;

a Gardner phase error detector detecting a phase error between the filtered signal and a particular multiple of a fixed frequency; and

a Loop filter low-pass filtering and outputting the phase error to the first NCO for carrier recovery.

11. The device as claimed in claim 10, wherein the first complex carrier is in proportional to the phase error outputted from the Loop filter.

12. The device as claimed in claim 10, wherein the second NCO generates a frequency of the same type as an Offset QAM signal without reception of a control signal from the external.

13. A carrier recovery device comprising:

an A/D converter converting an analog passband signal to a digital passband signal by using a fixed frequency;

a phase splitter splitting the digital passband signal in a real signal and a quadrature signal;

a first complex multiplier outputting a real base band signal $i(t)$ and a quadrature base band signal $q(t)$ by performing a complex multiplying of the real and quadrature signals of the

split passband and a first complex carrier outputted from a first NCO (Numerically Controlled Oscillator);

a second complex multiplier outputting Like Offset QAM signals $i'(t)$ and $q'(t)$ by performing a complex multiplying of the real and quadrature base band signals $i(t)$ and $q(t)$ and a second complex carrier outputted from a second NCO;

first and second absolute value calculators receiving the Like Offset QAM signals, $i'(t)$ and $q'(t)$, and calculating absolute values thereof;

a subtractor receiving the outputs of the first and second absolute value calculators, and performing a subtract operation;

a passband filter receiving the signals from the subtractor, and extracting components corresponding to a carrier frequency therefrom;

a Gardner phase error detector detecting a phase error between the filtered signal and a particular multiple of a fixed frequency; and

a Loop filter low-pass filtering and outputting the phase error to the first NCO for carrier recovery.

14. The device as claimed in claim 13, wherein the first complex carrier is in proportional to the phase error outputted from the Loop filter.

15. The device as claimed in claim 13, wherein the second NCO generates a frequency of the same type as an Offset QAM signal without reception of a control signal from the external.